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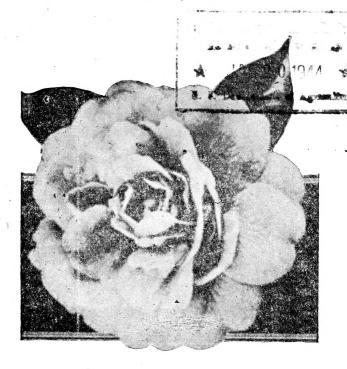
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RETAIL PRICE LIST

Azalea Glen Nurseries, inc.

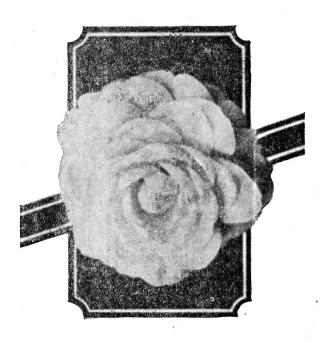
LOXLEY, ALA.



Conveniently Located On Principal Highways, Intersection of U. S. 90 (Old Spanish Trail) And Alabama No. 3.

17 Miles East of Mobile

SEASON 1943-1944 We Are the Home of the Glen No. 40 Camellia.



No Argentine Ants or Japanese Camphor Scale found on or near this nursery.

We are NOT in the White-Fringed Beetle quarantine area.

Buy some War Bonds, Then Buy More so you may do your share in winning this war.

GREETINGS:

To Our Friends and Patrons:

Please accept our sincere thanks for every order with which you have favored us in past seasons. In expressing our sincere appreciation, will say our aim toward successful operation is to merit your continued good will. With this in mind we are bending every effort to produce better quality nursery stock at prices you can afford to pay.

We are of the opinion that a home is not complete until it is "Planted" and naturally will take great pleasure in offering you our assistance in every way possible to bring about this acquisition to your home grounds.

From the many letters of praise for our stock from our patrons this season we feel satisfied that we can merit your future patronage.

WE GUARANTEE: Our stock to be grown true to name and properly packed. We cannot control condition after plants leave us, making it impossible for us to guarantee plants to live.

Our responsibility for delivery ceases when we have delivered the stock in good condition to the transportation company or carrier. Any claims should be made within five days of receipt of stock. It must be agreed that our liability under this guarantee is limited to the original price received for stock.

TERMS: All orders must be accompanied by cash: Add Sales Tax to all orders if your State demands Sales Tax.

TRANSPORTATION: State whether order is to be shipped by parcel post, express or freight. Prices subject to change without notice, these prices cancel all previous quotations.

Visitors always welcome.

M. M. WINDBIGLER, President H. L. WINDBIGLER, Vice-President A. C. MAHLER, Secretary.

PHONE 1705

LOXLEY, ALA.

Cultural Information

For growing better Camellias and Azaleas

Camellias growing in pots or tubs makes one of the finest house plants, they can be grown for years in a medium size pot or tub. They give you flowers in winter time, when flowers are scarce. Most people think that it takes an expert with a greenhouse to grow them. If you can grow a coleus you can grow camellias. They like a cool greenhouse to grow them. If you can grow a coleus you can grow camellias. They like a cool house temperature around 45 to 60° in winter. Keep them well watered, but do not keep the ground water-logged, sprinkle the leaves during the hot dry periods in summer, carry in semi-shade, bring the plants in before heavy freezes.

Out-door planting of camellias can be done from the middle of September until the first of April. They will grow in any good garden soil, in full sun or semi-shade. Care should be taken in buying good strong healthy plants, you are invited to come and see our stock any time of the year, we know you will like the strong sturdy plants.

If your land is a sandy soil take out the sand down to two feet and refill hole with 1-3 peat moss 1.2 well notted doing fortilizer and 1.2 good garden

1-3 well rotted dairy fertilizer and 1-3 good garden soil, care should be taken to never plant camellias any deeper than they were grown in the nursery row. Water well at time of planting and during the

hot dry spell the first summer.

Fertilize your camellias the latter part of February, we use Vigero, any good fertilizer will do. All our camellias in the lawn over three years old. we use a bushel of well rotted dairy fertilizer every other spring. You can mulch with peat moss or pine-needles to keep down weeds and help hold moisture, we work the soil around our plants every week during the summer, in place of the mulch.

If you have alkaline soil, then use aluminum sul-

phate at the rate of four inch pot full to a wheel

barrow of soil.

Plants selected at the nursery will be priced according to their individual merits.

Insects And Diseases

Red Spiders attack both Azaleas and Camellias. It is apparent by dropping of many leaves from the Azalea; the Camellia leaves become brown in color. On Azaleas you can use the hose and wash them If this does not control them, use the following dust mixture: Measure, eight pounds sulphur, one pound arsenate of lead, one pound tobacco dust.

one pound arsenate of lead, one pound tobacco dust. Dust on early in the morning while the dew is on. Be sure and dust the under side of the leaves. Camellies are attacked by several species of scale insects. You can tell when your Camellia has scale by the leaves becoming spotted and yellow, caused by scale on the under side of the leaves. They should be sprayed with Nursery Volk, Jr., one part to 50 perts of water. If the infestation is heavy they should be sprayed three times a year during the early spring and summer. Be sure and spray the early spring and summer. Be sure and spray the under side of the leaves as that is where you will find the scale. Warning: DO NOT SPRAY Camellias in late fall or winter as the sudden cold

weather just after spraying may kill your plants, or cause buds to drop.

Remember, buy good plants, place in well prepared beds, spray when needed, mulch with peat moss, and you will have shrubs of which to be proud.

Azaleas can be transplanted any time of the year. However the best time is from the first of September through March. Camellias can be transplanted from the best transplanted. from the latter part of September until growth starts in spring.

Any special problem that you may have in regard to your plants, send us a card and we will be glad

to help you.

Camellia Japonica

This is king of our broad-leaved evergreens, here in the south land you may have these beautiful flowers from September through into latter part of March, in many colors and from singles to large They make fine tub and pot plants. They will grow in almost dense shade and full sun. Camellias will stard severe weather. if the cold comes gradually and the plants have an opportunity to harden up before the first severe freeze. However an early severe freeze while growth is still tender, will probably cause damage to the buds.

It is a fact that the names of camellias are con-

fused. Some varieties may be purchased under several different names from different nurseries. We have made every effort to avoid adding to this confusion, and we have tried to list the varieties in our catalogue under the names we believe they are most generally known to the public. Visit our nurseries, we will be glad to help you make your selection. You will like our plants and we will be

glad to see you.

Order early then you will not be disappointed. In our rare varieties of camellias we have grafted plants, will quote you on sizes and prices.

Plants selected at the nursery will be priced ac-

cording to their individual merits.

Camellia Prices:

KAKE; OWN ROOT		
4 in., in cans	\$1.00	each
6 in. to 8 in cans		
8 in, to 18 in, in cans	\$3.00	each
CLASS A-1		777
From 4 in., in cans	.75	each
8 in. to 10 in.		
12 in. to 18 in.		
18 in. to 24 in.	3.50	each
CLASS A		
8 in. to 12 in.	\$1.00	each
12 in. to 15 in.	1.50	each
15 in. to 18 in.	2.00	each
18 in. to 24 in.	2.50	each
24 in. to 30 in.	3.50	each
CLASS B		2115
8 in. to 12 in	\$.75	each
12 in. to 15 in.	1.00	each
15 in. to 18 in.	1.25	each
18 in. to 24 in.	1.50	each
24 in. to 30 in.	1.75	each

Class

ALBO PLENO: White, double. Α

AUDOLPHE AUDUSSON VARIEGATED: Rare Red and white semi-double. APPLE BLOSSOM: Light pink, single, fra-

A grant.

A-1 AUGUSTA DELFOSE: Cherry red, loose peony.

ASPACIA: Bolens No. 9: Red with white Rare markings.

A BONAMINA: Variegated, red and white, semi-double, sporting solid white or flowers.

ANGELO COCHET, BURNS PINK: White Rare

spotted with pink, peony form. CHANDLERII-PINK-YENNE PINK-SO-PHIA: Clear shade of pink peony form. CHANDLERII-RED, PAYNE RED, VER-

Rare DRINE, LEWIS RED PEONY: Brilliant red, peony form, some plants will trace of white. show

CHANDLERII-ELEGANCE: A PRIDE OF THE EMPEROR GARDEN: Cherry red with

white markings, peony form.
CATHERINE CATHCART: LELIA: Shell Rare pink with white markings.

MACULATA: Rare COLETTIE PURPLIANA: BAILLON: Variegated, red, GIRAD de dark red with white.

A COUNTESS OF ORKNEY: White with

pink stripes, double. C. M. HOVEY: 1 PAULINA: Variegated Rare red and white double.

A CAMEO-PINK: Pink semi-double, sports white flowers.

CARNATION: XMAS GLORY: Bright red A-1 double.

Rare CANDIDA ELEGANTISSIMA: MIKENJA-KU: Deep pink, bloched with white, semi-

double.
COL. FIREY: WM. S. HASTIE: MISSI-SSIPPI HASTIE: Rich crimson red, double. Rare

CHEERFUL: LUCIDA: Red, double, older A-1 flowers showing stamens.

Class

DEBUTANTE: SARA C. HASTIE: Rare Light pink peony form.

DUCHESS \mathbf{OF} SUTHERLAND: Rare White with faint red markings, semi-double.

DIXIE: FIELDERS PINK: ROSETA: Pink \mathbf{B} cheerful, rose pink double.

BELL: Rare DUNCAN MENA LADNIER: Orange Red with white markings.

Rare DAIKAGURA: Pink peony form, very early bloomer.

Rare DAIKAGURA - VARIEGATED: Pink and

Rare

white variegated, peony form.
DANTE: White, double.
DONKALARII: Red with white markings, Rare semi-double.

EUGENE BOLEN: New blending Rare red

shades, Donkalari seedling, semi-double. EMPRESS: LADY CLARE: GRANI Rare GRANDI-FLORA-ROSEA: Deep pink, semi-double. EMPEROR OF RUSSIA: Brilliant red, Rare

peony form.

ENRICO BETTONI: MAURICE HURST: HALEYS MONARCH: Light pink, double.

Rare FAIRHOPE: TWOSTORY HOUSE: THREE IN ONE: Red and white variegated,

semi-double.

GLEN NO. 40: Beautiful red shading into Rare salmon tones, double, as flowers grow older on plant, some will show stamens.

GIGANTEA: MAGNOLIA KING: Deep red Rare

marked with white, semi-double.

A-1 GLOIRE de NANTES: LENA SUPERBA: Cerise red, semi-double. Rare GOVERNOR MOUTON: Deep

red, some times marked with white, peony form. HERME: HIKARI GENGI: JORDANS Α PRIDE: JENNY LIND: Variegated white

with pink and red stripes, fragrant, semidouble.

H. A. DOWNING: Rosy red, semi-double. HORKAN: RENA CAMPBELL: VARIA A H. A. Α CAMPBELL: VARIA-BILIS: Pink and white combination, peony

form. B JARVIS RED: Deep blood red semi-double.

Rare IMURA: White, semi-double.

Rare KIYOSU: Crimson blotched on white ground this is an extra fine form of Daikagura.

Rare KUMASAKA: LADY MARION: Deep pink, reconv form.

LADY ALICE: Dark red with some white Α markings, peony form. LAUREL, LEAF: ILL TREMENTO: COUN-

Rare TESS LOVINIA MAGGI: Beautiful blending of rink shades, double, LADY VANSETTIE: Red, semi-double,

Rare

LADY JANE GREY: EUGUNE LIZZIE: Rare Light nink with white markings, peony form, LADY VANSETTIE VARIEGATED: Vari-

Rare gated, red and white, semi-double, LADY HUME BLUSH: Delicate flesh pink,

Rare double.

Rare LOTUS. DODE GUTCHIE: White, semidouble, the largest in the camellia family. LEONA BOLEN: Blood red, semi-double. Rara

Rare LADY MULBERRY: Pink with flowers

frosted with white.

MADAME FANNY Rare NIHART: BOLIS: FANNY BASIL: Red blotched with white, semi-double. MISS DORA McCARTER: White, single. Α

MONARCH: RED BALL: GUNELLI: HONNEUR D'AMERQUE: Deep pink to BALL: Rare light red with white markings, peony form.

MAGNOLIA FLORA: Deep rose tinted at Rare the base and fading to light blush near the

tip of petals, semi-double.
MRS. WILLIAM THOMPSON: White, semi Rare

double. MATHOTIANA RUBRA: PURPLE DAWN Rare PURPLE EMPEROR: Deep red with some flowers shading into purplish-red shades, very large, double, older flowers on the

plant will show stamens.
MATHOTIANA ALBA: White, double.

MRS. ABBY WILDER: White with tiny Α

pink splashes, peony form.
MONJUSI VARIEGATED: CALIFORNIA A-1 DONKALARII: Red frosted with white, semi-double.

Rare

MADAME ADELE: Pink, peony form. MARCHIONESS OF SALISBURY: Rare Dark

nakkeinokeis of Sallisokei. Sallisokei. Sallisokei. Sallisokei Sallisokei. Sallisokei. NAGASAKI: White markings, peony form. NAGASAKI: White markings, peony form. OTOME: Shell pink, double. OTOME: Shell pink, double. BOSWELL'S PINK: Pink, semi-double to Rare

A-1

Rare A-1

peony form.
PINK PERFECTION: Light pink, double.
PROF. C. S. SARGENT: Dark red, double. \mathbf{A} Rare PEONIFLORA: White with pink markings, peony form.

PRINCE EUGENE NAPOLEAN. Α POPE PIUS: LADNIERS RED: Bright red some

times marked with white, double. QUEEN BESSIE: White with faint blush Rare

Α

Rare

pink around the center, semi-double.
RAINY SUN: Rose red, large semi-double.
RED EAGLE: Pink, semi-double.
ST. ELMO: AUGUSTA WILSON: CAB-A-1 BAGE HEAD: Soft shade of pink, with white markings, peony form.
ST. ANDRE: Bright red, semi-double to

Rare

peony form, large. SWEETA VERA: SWEETA Rare Flesh pink, streaked with rose, peony form.
SEMI-DOUBLE-BLUSH: Two tones of

A-1 pink, semi-double. \mathbf{B}

SARAH FROST: Rose red, double.

STILSON'S VALLEVAREDA: White blend-Rare ing into pink shades, double.

WM. PENN: Purple peony, dark crimson Rare with white markings, peony form.

SOPHIA: Pink with white markings, peony A-1 form.

Rare

SNOWDRIFT: White, semi-double. Variegated W. L. DOWNING: Variegated Rare red and white, semi-double.

VICTOR EMMANUEL: Rare BLOODOF CHINA: Deep velvety orange-red, peony form, very large.

TUCHERIA: BRILLANT: Two tones red, A double.

VARIEGATA: White with pink and red Rare markings, double, about the size of Pink Perfection.

W. L. DOWNING: Dark red, semi-double. A-1

Camellia Sassanqua

Plant these fast growing evergreen flowering plants for backgrounds and hedges. SNOW ON THE MOUNTAIN (Mineno-yuki) Double

peony form pure white. 12 to 18 in ____\$1.00 18-24 in. ____\$1.50 BRILLIANCY-bright cherry red, single large

flowers. 12 to 15 in, in 4 inch cans ______\$.50
15 to 18 in, in 4 inch cans ______ .75
18 to 24 in, B. B. in 4 inch cans ______ 2.00

DAWN—Semidouble, ivory white with flesh pink at the margin of petals.

12 to 15 in. in 3 in. cans \$.50; 15-18 in, in cans \$.75

Broad Leaf Evergreens

ARDISIA CRENULATA — Compact, evergreen shrub with thick, dark green foliage, and bright red berries in winter. Resembles American Holly but is very dwarf in habit of growth. Excellent for shady places and also as a pot plant for Christmas.

Small size \$.50 Medium \$.75 Large \$1.50
ABELIA GRANDIFLORA—One of our most beautiful and satisfactory broad-leaved evergreens fine for foundation plantings, hedges and single

specimen plants.

3-4 ft. \$1.00 4-5 ft. \$2.00 BOTTLE BRUSH (Callistemon Rigidus)—The evergreen foliage is narrow and dark green, on the new growth it produces long cylindrical brush-like flower spikes which gives it the name of Bottle Brush. Can be made to bloom all summer if after blooming it is pruned severely.

From pots ______50c and 75c
BUXUS—Suffuticosa, Old English box, small, dark
green foliage, slow grower, suitable for hedges,

pots and urns.

BUXUS—Sempervirens, Bush Box Japonica, round light green foliage, fast grower.

15-18 in \$1.00 18-24 in. \$1.50

15-18 in. \$1.00 18-24 in. \$1.50
DURANTA PLUMIERI—(Golden Dewdrop) An evergreen shrub with green leaves and racemes of lilac flowers, followed by yellow berries that hang on throughout the winter.

5 in. cans _____\$.75

CHERRY LAUREL—A splendid native broad-leaf evergreen tree with bright, shiny leaves. May be pruned to any desired size and shape. Fine for hedges.

2-3 ft. \$1.00
3-4 ft. \$2.00 Specimen \$3.00
EURYA JAPONICA—Compact growing shrub, clothed thickly with dark green glossy leaves.
Those who are looking for newer evergreens will do well to try this new addition to the evergreen family. They produce small fragrant creamy white flowers in early spring.

2 to 3 ft. \$1.25 3 to 4 ft. \$2.00 ENGLISH LAUREL—Medium to large spreading shrub with broad shiny rich green foliage.

2-3 ft. \$1.00 3-4 ft. \$1.50 4-5 ft. \$3.00 ELAEAGNUS PUNGEN AUREA — Variegata. Highly colored yellow variegation of the leaves makes this a good color plant to add to your collection. Colors do not fade, can stand shearing.

12-15 in. \$1.10 18-24 in. \$1.75 2-3 ft. \$2.25 GARDENIA (Cape Jasmine)—Bright glossy foliage

with large waxy flowers.

12-18 in. \$1.00

HIBISCUS-SINENSIS: Fast growing shrub with glossy leaves and producing gorgeous colored flowers 3 to 5 in. across, in color of, light, pink,

dazzling scarlet, and scarlet with red center. Each _____ \$.50 ILEX CORNUTA FEMINA (Japanese Holly)— Showiest holly in the South. Its green leaves and bright berries made it a prize to be placed on the lawn. 8-12 in. \$.75 12-15 in. \$1.00 3-4ft. ILEX OPACA (American Holly)-The Christmas holly. Its green leaves and bright red berries make it show real color in the winter time when you want color. Our plants are all nursery grown and not taken from the woods. 12 to 18 in. \$1.00 5 to 6 ft. \$3.00 ILEX, VOMITORIA NOBILIS: This strain of Yaupon grown from cuttings, carries plenty of berries, and resist cold. 8 to 12 in. each \$.35 18-24 in. \$1.00 ILEX, ANGUSTIFOLIA: A narrow leaf holly having small red berries in the winter, ideal for hedges. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 4 to 5 ft. ILEX ROTUNDIFOLI (Round Leaf Holly)-Semidwarf, one of the best for low hedges and foundation plantings. Has bright green color.

15 to 18 in. \$.75 18 to 24 in. \$2.50

JASMINUM (Primrose Jasmine) — Evergreen shrub with dark green foliage and bright yellow flowers, arching branches.

18-24 in. \$1.00 LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM (Wax Leaf Privit)—One of the best of the Japanese privits. Its shiny leaves makes it a good plant for hedges or foundation plantings and they are very showy as single specimens. Can be sheared into any form. 8 to 12 in. \$.50 18-24 in. \$1.00 2-3 ft. \$1.50 LIGUSTRUM PYRAMIDALIS—Same as above but with a very upright growth. Makes a good plant for corners, between windows and back-ground plantings. 3-4 ft. \$.75 3-4 ft. \$.75 4-5 ft. \$1.00 5-6 ft. \$3.00 LIGUSTRUM VARIEGATED — Upright growing shrub with variegated leaves. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 3-4 ft. \$2.00

LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM AUREUM—Fast growing large golden leaved shrub that goes well in any planting.

4 to 5 ft. \$2.00 5 to 6 ft. \$3.00

LOQUAT—Handsome large leaved evergreen shrub or small tree, bearing oblong yellow fruit. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 4 to 5 ft. \$3.00
MAGNOLIA FUSCATA (Banana Shrub)—A good
broad leaved evergreen to be used as single
srecimens. In early spring they produce flowers with banana like fragrance. Specimens \$.75 NANDINA (Heavenly Bambo)—In the spring and autumn the large leaves are tinged with red, in early summer the large panicles of white flowers placed well above the foliage, in winter the large spikes of large bright red berries which are retained until late spring; hardy as far north as Washington Washington. 12-18 in.\$.75 10-12 in. ____\$.50

19 to 24 in. \$1.25

Specimens \$3.00

AZALEA GLEN NURSERIES, INC.	_
OLEANDER—The long narrow green leaves wit the bright colored flowers makes it a shrub tha will fit into any planting. The Oleander is most desirable plant for sea-side planting; stand the salt atmosphere.	at a ls
Cardinal (Deep Red) Mme. Peye (Shell Pink) Whit Large \$1.00 Specimens \$2.0 PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA—A shrub with gloss dark green leaves. Fragrant yellowish-whit flowers. Makes a beautiful speimen plant. Fin for hedges.)0 3V
15-18 in. \$1.00 24-30 in. \$2.5 PITTSOPORUM VARIEGATED—Same as above except slower grower and has variegated foliages to 10 in. \$1.00 15-18 in. \$1.5 (PYRACANTHA) FORMOSANA—This is the most showy of the red berried pyracantha, a solid mast of brilliant red berries with glossy, green foliage Pyracanthas will be severely pruned before shipping to facilitate transplanting. (PYACANTHA) LALANDII—This variety has golden yellow berries, an upright grower; berried commence to turn to their golden color in late.	e. st ss e.
August. Prices on above Pyracanthas Small \$.75 Medium \$1.00 Specimen \$2.0 PYRACANTHA, CRENULATA, ROGERSIANA This is a new addition to the pyracantha family and will replace the older varieties, as this ber ries very young, and the orange-red berries colo up in the latter part of August and carry through out the winter, semi-upright grower. Heavy \$1.50 PLUMBARGO CAPENSIS: A very beautiful ever green shrub producing an abundance of pale blue	00 1: y, r- or h-
flowers. Each \$.75 PODOCARPUS (Japanese Yew)—Long dark gree leaves three inches long. Pyramidal habit of growth, can be pruned to any desired shape, does	en of
well in full sun or dense shade. 18-24 in. \$1.15 2-3 ft. \$1.5 3 to 4 ft. \$2.00 4 to 5 ft. \$4.0 PHONTINA GLABRA—Photinia is a mass of burning scarlet when covered with new growth This mixed with the green of the old leaves, make it a plant you will surely be convinced is a wonderful addition to the evergreen family. Can be sheared into any form; suitable for hedges, in dividual planting as well as mixed setting amon other green leaved evergreens. 12 to 18 in. \$.75	of h. es d- oe n-
12 to 18 in. \$.75 18 to 24 in. \$1.00 24 to 36 in \$2.0 PHOTINIA SERRULATA—Larger leaf, stronger)O er

Azalea Indica Variety

grower than Photinia Glabra. Leaves are separated, and new growth wine color.

2 to 3 ft. \$1.25 3 to 4 ft. \$2.50

CRITERION— White with pink stripes, compact grower.

CHINA SEAS—This is a new one. The large flowers are a brilliant madarin pink and frilled on the edges, strong grower with light green foliage.

DAPHNE RED (Pluto)—Attractive red, hardy, DUC DE RHON—Lovely salmon pink, early. ELEGANCE-Light pink, hardy and fast open

FORMOSA-Purple, fast grower, mid-season.

GOLDSWORTH RED-New; flowers a clear, bright crimson, a loose flat grower, each \$1.00 GULF PRIDE—Beautiful light purple, hardy, up-

right grower. HARRY VEITCHII—Large pink waved petals, mid-

season, slow grower. PRIDE OF MOBILE—Watermelon red, large flowers, mid-season.

PRIDE OF DORKING— Deep red, late compact.
PRINCE OF ORANGE— Deep orange red, midseason, spreading grower.

PHONENICA-Lavender, mid-season, low and

compact. Very hardy.

Our Azaleas are all heavy rooted field grown stock, have stood the sun all summer, and are now ready to be planted in your yard.

PRICES OF INDICA AZALEAS

8-12 in. spread \$.50 15-18 in. \$1.00 Specimen priced up to \$35.00

Hardy Japanese And Kurume Azaleas

APPLE BLOSSOM- Beautiful pink. CHRISTMAS CHEER-Deepest crimson.

CORAL BELL-Beautiful shell pink, one of the best.

FLAME-Single orange-red flower, upright vigor-

ous grower, early. HINODEGIRI—Fiery red, slow grower, salmonpink, hose in hose, mid-season. SNOW—White hose in hose.

PRICES OF HARDY JAPANESE AND KURUME AZALEAS

4-6 in. each \$.50 6-8 in. each \$.70 Ten for \$4.50 Ten for \$6.50 Large sizes each \$1.00, \$1.50 to \$3.00

Conifers

CUNNINGHAM LANCEOLATA GLAUCA: (Blue Chinese Fir): The foliage is more dense and glaucous than on the old cunninghamia fir, this plant will take an important position in the South-

ern landscape scene where you want a plant with blue shading to it.

12 to 18 in. \$.50
to 4 ft. \$3.00 4 to 6 ft. \$5.00 3 to 4 ft. \$3.00 4 to 6 ft. \$5.00 CEDRUS DEODARA— This evergreen adds the touch of blue-green color to your planting that no other evergreen can give you.

18-24 in. \$1.50 3 to 4 ft. \$2.50 4 to 5 ft. \$4.00 We have larger sizes up to \$10.00 according to the form and height.

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS ALBO VARIEGA—
Slow growing conical shaped juniper with much

Slow growing conical shaped juniper with much

creamy white variegation, making a very attrac-
tive subject. 18-24 in. \$1.50 2-3 ft. \$1.75 3-4 ft. \$5.00
JUNIPERUS (Spiny Greek Juniper)—Well branch-
ed with grayish green foliage, a low grower very
oramental and conical in shape.
15-18 in. \$1.25 18-24 in. \$1.50
JUNIPERUS (Pfitzeriana)—One of the best low growing evergreens; has a low, flat spreading
top, dark green foliage.
top, dark green foliage. 10-15 in. \$.75 15-24 in. \$2.00
JUNIPERUS (English Juniper)—Column type of bluish hue, withstanding heat of southern sun
bluish hue, withstanding heat of southern sun
and hardy in the north, and is a great deal better than the old type.
2-3 ft \$1.00 3-4 ft \$1.50
2-3 ft. \$1.00 3-4 ft. \$1.50 4 to 5 ft. \$4.00 JUNIPERUS JAPONICA (Creeping Juniper)—
JUNIPERUS JAPONICA (Creeping Juniper)—
Very hardy prostrate juniper of blue-green color,
never growing over 12 inches high.
Medium \$1.50 Large \$3.00 JUNIPERUS SYLVESTRIS — Beautiful juniper,
grows well in lower South. Sandy locations do
not affect it. Steel-color needle shaped leaves.
narrow and upright habit.
narrow and upright habit. 18-24 in. \$1.50
3 to 4 in,\$3.00
adian Juniper)—Low spreading, compact variety
with young growth, tinged a bronzy golden.
18-24 in\$1.50 2-3 ft\$2.50 JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS DEPRESSA (Canadian
HINIPERUS COMMUNIS DEPRESSA (Canadian
Canadan (Canadan)
Juniper)—Beautiful silver needles, low spreading,
Juniper)—Beautiful silver needles, low spreading, compact, fast grower, never reaching over four
Juniper)—Beautiful silver needles, low spreading, compact, fast grower, never reaching over four feet in height.
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abundance of rosy pink flowers in early spring. 4 ft. _______\$1.00 5-7 ft. ______\$2.00 DOGWOOD (Cornus Florida)—White flowering. 3-4 ft. ____\$.75 4-5 ft. ____\$ 4-5 ft. ___\$1.00 WILLOW (Weeping)—This makes a natural setting for your fish pond. 3-4 ft. \$.75 5-6 ft. ____\$1.50

Palms

COCAS AUSTRALLIAS-A beautiful hardy palm with green curved pinnate leaves. Fast grower. \$1.00 Large CYCAS REVOLUATA (Saga Palm)—Small growing hardy palm, one of the best for pot culture.

Deciduous And Flowering Shrubs

HYDRANGEA (Hortensis)—Ornamental deciduous shrubs adapted to shady and half shady places. Blooms may be pink or blue depending on soil and culture conditions. In 4 in. cans_____25c. 18 to 24 in. _____\$1.00

12 to 15 in. \$.75 CYDONIA (Fire Bush)—One of the early Spring flowering shrubs, the fiery blossoms of crimson

15 to 18 in. BERBERIS (Red Leaf Barberry)—This new variety of Japanese Barberry with bronze, red to brilliant red foliage throughout the summer. Height 36 inches with about the same spread.

15-18 in. 15-18 in. \$1.00 18-24 in. \$1.50 CREPE MYRTLE (Largerstroemia Indica)—A vigorous well grown plant; will grow 15 to 18 feet high, but they do a great deal better if pruned severely each winter, they give you more and better flowers. Hardy and grows any place. Colors: Purnle, Pink, White and Watermelon Red. 2-3 ft. \$.50 3-4 ft. \$.75 5-7 ft. \$1.50 Standards ... \$1.50 to \$2.00 each

WEIGELA (Hendersonii)— Pink Flowers
18 to 24 in. \$.75 24 to 36 in. \$1.50 18 to 24 in. \$.75 24 to 36 in. \$1.50 PHILADELPHUS (Mock Orange)—Flowers pure white, bloom early in spring.

18 to 24 in. ____ \$.75 24 to 36 in. ____ \$1.00

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon).

Double violet.

Double white red center.

d'Arc—Double pure white.

Double red.

Single pure white.
Prices of Altheas: 18-24 in.\$.50 3 for \$1.00 SPIREA (Anthony Waterer)—Produces large flat heads of rosey pink flowers.

SPIREA (Thunbergi)—Light green fern-like foliage low grower.

SPIREA-DOUGLAS (Reevisiniana)—Small double and semi-double white flowers.

SPIREA (Van Houtte)-Graceful arching branches. Prices of Spireas: 15-18 in. \$.75 18-24 in. \$1.00 ORIENTAL MAGNOLIA (Alba Superba) — Small size tree, extra large, almost white flowers, upright grower.

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIA (Soulangeana) - Small size tree, extra large, almost white flowers, up-

right grower

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIA (Soulangeana) — Small size tree with large nine petal pinkish flowers before leaves come out in spring. One of the most beautiful flowering trees. Grows as far North

as Chicago.

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIA (Soulangeana Nigra) —
Same as Soulangeana except blooms later and darker in color.

Prices of Oriental Magnolias: 15-18 in. ...\$1.25 18-24 in.\$1.50 2-3 ft.\$3.00

Bulbs

AMARYLLIS HYBRIDA (Meads Strain)—The flowers are very large, some times measuring eleven inches across; ranging in color from purest

white to the darkest red shades.

Extra large ____\$1.50 Large ____\$.75

AMARYLLIS JOHNSONII—Color crimson scarlet.

Each ____\$.25 Six for _____\$1.00

ANTIGONON LEPTOUS (Mountain Rose) —

Makes a handsome vine during summer, with coral-pink colored flowers.

One year bulbs \$.50 Two year bulbs \$.75 CALADIUM: (Fancy Leaved—These come in many

colors. Can be used in window boxes, vases or pots, and may be planted outside after danger of frost.

Each ____\$.30 Twelve for ____\$2.50 PINK CRINUM—This variety blooms all summer; pure white flowers shaded with pink. Very fra-

Each ____\$.75 grant.

CRINUM (Houdyshelii)—This is a new one that blooms all summer on tall flower stems four feet high. Flowers a beautiful shade, color as pink radiance rose. It took blue ribbon at Palm Beach flower show. A very good grower. Each \$1.50 Large

Large Each \$1.50 Large \$2.50 DAY LILY (Hemerocallis)—These are fine for the border, very easy to grow, and we offer you some of the latest new varieties: Anna Betscher (soft gold), Goldeni (gold with brown tin), Gypsy (yellow), D. D. Wyman (light yellow), Mrs. W. H. Wyman (light yellow). Priced \$.75 each.

DAY LILY (Hermerocallis)—These are the old common varieties; used for hedding plants. Tayway

common varieties used for bedding plants. Tawny Double (orange), Tawney Single (orange), Minor lemon yellow, Middenlorfii (light yellow.)

Six for _____\$.50 Twelve for _____\$.90

FORMOSA LILY — Snow white trumpet shape flowers on stems up to six feet high; mid-summer to late fall; new veriety.

to late fall; new variety.
Each\$.50 Twelve for\$5.00
GLADIOLUS — We are offering these wonderful

cut flower bulbs in mixture only.

100 for... Twelve for ____\$.35 _\$2.50 MONTBRETIA—Flower spikes similar to Gladiola, beautiful for border. Color gold with a throat of burnt orange; will grow anywhere. Six for _____\$.35 100 f

100 for_____\$3.50

RED SPIDER LILY (Nerine)—Color red, blooming late summer. Six for _____\$.90
TUBE ROSES (Mexican)—White flowers borne on tall stiff stems, very fragrant, fine for cut flowers Six for ____\$.40 Twelve for _____\$.75

Dahlias

The Fall flower that is queen in the South. The varieties we offer have been grown here at the nursery and will stand our weather conditions of the lower South. Come to our nursery and see these Dahlias when they are at their best. You are always welcome.

JERSEY BEAUTY — The color is a lovely pink long stems, fine for cutting; large on

flowers.

JANE COWL-Apricot golden, buff and gold; extra large flowers. massive beauty, borne on stiff stems.

MRS. I. V. WARNER-Lavender; very popular, large flowers on stiff stems.

FRANCIS LA ROCCO—Cream yellow, tall grower. ROSE GLORY — Dark pink, heavy bloomer, low grower.

Each ____\$.25

ROSES

Roses for the southern gardens: Jeanette Heller, white blushed with pink. Red Radiance, red. Pink Radiance, pink. Etoile de Hollande, red. Frau Kral Druschki (White American Beauty) Editor McFarland, deep pink, Pres. Hoover, pink scarlet and gold. Ami Quinard, dark red. Gruss An Tiplitz, red. Briarcliff, pink. Climbing, American Beauty, red. Climbing Talisman, golden vellow. Climbing Marechal Neil, yellow. Priced: Each __\$.50 Twelve for ___\$4.50 Prepaid HINTS ON ROSE CULTURE

Roses do best in a stiff soil, not too light. Add clay where you have too sandy soil. A good mixture of peat moss, well rotted cow manure, and bone meal is beneficial. Roses are heavy feeders

and should be well fertilized and watered.

and should be well fertilized and watered.

There are two diseases and one pest that give most of the trouble here in the South. (1) Mildew: May be controlled by dusting with Dusting Sulphur. (2) Black Spot: A fungus growth which causes black spots on the leaves and causes them to turn yellow and fall off. Spray with Bordeau Mixture every 10 days or two weeks. (3) Thrips: An insect which feeds on the blooms and leaves. Can be controlled by using nicotine sulphate at the rate of 1 to 600 to your Bordeaux spray. 600 to your Bordeaux spray. ROSE ROULETTE — Very dwarf form of rose,

never grows over ten inches high, small double pink flower. N ovelty for pot or rock garden.

Six for _____\$1.50 Each _____\$.35

Fruits

PEACHES—Early Elberta, Belle of Georgia and Hiley Belle. 35c, 50c. PEARS—Chinese Sand Pears. 3-4 ft. \$.50 5-7 ft. \$1.00 FIGS—Celeste. One year \$.50 Two years \$.77 PLUM—Terrell and Excelsior. Well-known variety suitable for the South. 2 to 3 ft. \$.75 3 to 4 ft. \$1.00 YOUNG BERRIES— 12 for \$1.00 PERSIMMON (Japanese)—Tane Nashi. Large heart shape fruit. 2 to 3 ft. \$.75 3 to 4 ft \$1.00 PECANS (Stuart)—Nuts large, good grower and the best for general planting.	0 5 y 0 e	
the best for general planting. 5 to 6 ft\$1.50		
Vines		
THUNBURGIA-WHITE — This new variety has larger leaves than the blue variety, and is a fast er grower, flowers white and twice as large as the blue. In 4 inch cans \$.75 ANTIGNON—Listed under Bulbs.	s	
ENGLISH IVY—An excellent covering for walls	5	
and the trunks, evergreen. Each \$.20	j	
WISTERIA—Colors Purple, white and pink.		
Prices: Purple 40c, White \$1.00. Pink \$1.00 each IVY—Hahn's Self-Branching: This variety is re-		
markable for its multitude of small leaves and	-	
markable for its multipude of small leaves and	1	
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because it mats together in graceful, drooping	d g	
	l S	

THUNBURGIA — Sky Flower. One of the finest fast growing vines we have here in the South. Beautiful green foliage with large blue flowers. Blooms all summer Each _____\$.50 CLEODENRON (Chinese Ballon Plant)— A good

BOUGAINVILLA - Bright crimson flowers, good

grower. Makes an excellent pot plant.

\$.20

vinery plant for pot or tub producing large clusters of pure white flowers with bright red centers.

Large size \$.50
CLAMATIS PANICULTATA — Sweet flowering

vine, produces great masses of fragrant white star shape flowers during mid-summer and fall. One year old \$.50 Two year old \$.75 VINCA—Green silver-edged leaf trailing vine, good

for hanging baskets and porch boxes.

Each _______ 15c and 25c

BIGNONIA—A handsome vigorous growing evergreen vine, producing red flowers. Each _____\$.50 Large size_____\$.75

Plants

GERBERA (Transvall Daisy)—Graceful, elegant. Red, cerise, salmon, orange and yellow in assorted mixtures.

50c each

Each

Six for

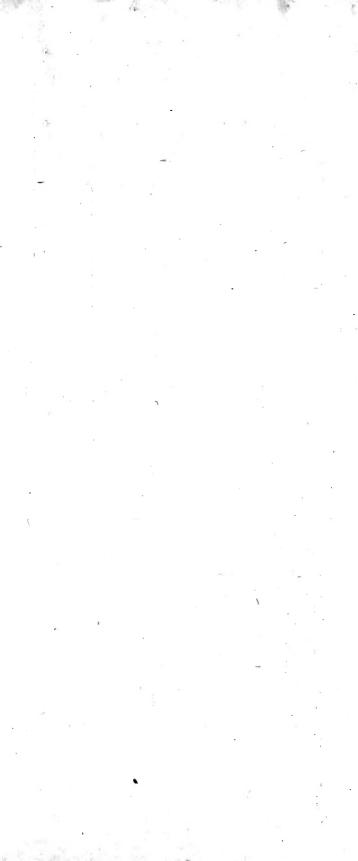
THRIFT (Phlox)—Low growing evergreen border plant with mauve colored star-shaped flowers completely covering plant in late winter and spring.

12 for _____\$.35 100 for ____\$2.25

PANSIES—Large flowering, mixed colors.

Dozen...\$.35 Hundred...\$1.50

In bud and bloom 10c each Three for 25c



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